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The East-West Center promotes better relations and understanding among the people and nations of the United States, Asia, and the Pacific through cooperative study, research, and dialogue. Established by the US Congress in 1960, the Center serves as a resource for information and analysis on critical issues of common concern, bringing people together to exchange views, build expertise, and develop policy options.

#### Headquarters

East-West Center 1601 East-West Road Honolulu, Hawai'i, 96848 USA

Tel: 808.944.7711

AsiaMatters@EastWestCenter.org

EastWestCenter.org

#### Washington, DC, Office

East-West Center in Washington 1819 L St., NW, Suite 600 Washington, DC 20036 USA

Tel: 202.293.3995

# Asia Matters for America / America Matters for Asia

Asia Matters for America / America Matters for Asia is an interactive resource for credible and nonpartisan information, graphics, analysis and news on US-Asia Pacific relations at the national, state and local levels.

#### AsiaMattersforAmerica.org

#### **PROJECT TEAM**

Director: Satu P. Limaye, Ph.D.

Coordinators: Aaron Siirila and Chris Feddersen

Research & Content: Grace Ruch and Damien Tomkins

Research Assistance: Hoi Ying "Cecilia" Chan, Jake Choi, Marquis Clayton, Alex Forster, Eric Gomez, Brigitta Kinadi, Seonghyeon Lee, Annie Liu, Sean Mitra, Anne Paisley, John

Andrew Petrushka, Yi Ling Tan, Alexandra Tran

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## **Asia Matters for America Highlights**

TRADE

#### 28% of US goods and 27% of services exports go to Asia

Asian countries are among the United States' fastest growing markets. Vietnam, India and China are among America's fastest growing trade partners.

JOBS FROM EXPORTS

#### 32% of US jobs from exports depend on exports to Asia

Exports to Asia supported 1.2 million jobs in 2012, 52% more than in 2002.

#### INVESTMENT

# 100% is the increase of US investment in Asia and Asian investment in the US over the past decade

Singapore, India, China and South Korea are four of the top ten fastest growing sources of foreign direct investment in the US.

#### INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS

# 64% of international students in America are from Asia – contributing \$14 billion to the US economy

Students from Asia have increased by 50% since the 2001-02 academic year.

STUDY ABROAD

#### 16% of Americans studying abroad go to Asia

Over 45,000 American students went to Asia in 2010-11, nearly 110% more than a decade earlier.

#### **ASIANS & ASIAN AMERICANS**

#### 5.6% or 17 million Americans identify as Asian or Asian American

Asians and Asian Americans are the fastest growing racial groups in the United States, up 46% from 2000 to 2010.

#### TRAVEL & TOURISM

#### 8.5 million visitors from Asia contribute \$41 billion to the US economy

Tourism from Asia earned the US economy more revenue than tourism from Latin America or the European Union in 2011.

#### SISTER PARTNERSHIPS

#### 850 sister partnerships between the US and Asia build civic and people-topeople relationships

95 US communities raised \$2.4 million for their Japanese sister cities affected by the March 2011 earthquake and tsunami disasters.

#### **SECURITY**

# Asia is critical to US national security because of the region's rising powers, long-standing American allies and new partners, economic growth and military modernization

Five US treaty allies are in the Asia Pacific, and the US has close or growing partnerships with India, Indonesia, New Zealand, Singapore and Vietnam, among others.

#### STATES & CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS

#### 39 states send at least a quarter of their exports to Asia

68% of congressional districts exported more than \$500 million to Asia in 2011.

# America's Definitions of Asia and the Pacific

Americans have never had a consistent definition of Asia and the Pacific.
Their conceptions of the region have been influenced by European ideas, breakthroughs in map-making and racial stereotypes, among other factors. America's definitions of Asia for policy purposes—mainly diplomacy and defense—have usually been shaped not by grand strategy but by bureaucratic battles and ad hoc decisions of key officials.

Today, US policy increasingly sees an interlinking of interests across the broad expanse from South Asia through East Asia to the Western Pacific. Official statements describe "the East Asian littoral running from the Sea of Japan to the Bay of Bengal" or, more simply, the "Indo-Pacific region." The Asia Matters for America initiative has adopted an interpretative definition of Asia to encompass 40 countries, from Afghanistan to the Pacific islands.

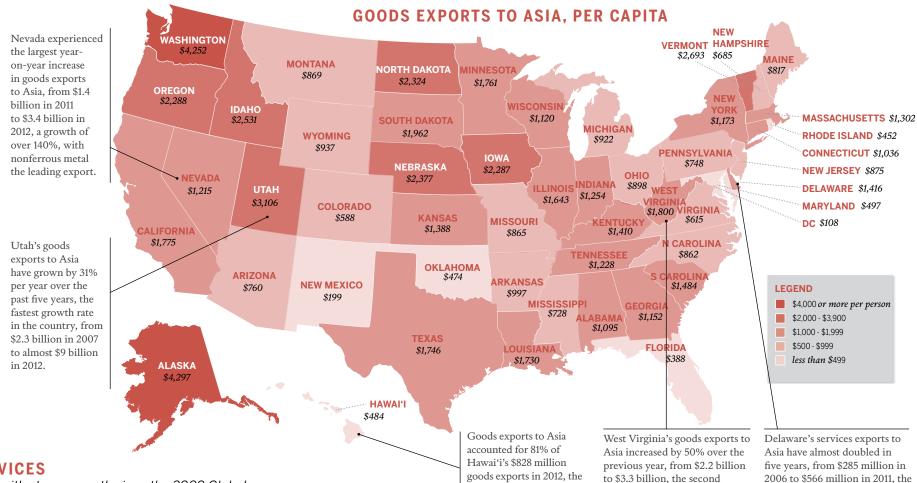
Note: Borders are not necessarily authoritative. Source: Adapted from Satu Limaye, "Want a New Map of Asia? Include the United States," Asia Pacific Bulletin, No. 105.



FOR AMERICA

# 28% of US Goods and 27% of Services Exports Go to Asia

The United States exported \$408 billion in goods and \$156 billion in services to Asia.\* Goods and services exports to Asia from 2001 to 2011 have grown 8% per year. Thirty-nine states sent at least a quarter of their goods exports to Asia. Together, exports of goods and services to Asia (\$586 billion) exceeded those to the European Union (\$463 billion) and to Canada and Mexico combined (\$563 billion). Asia presents a fast-growing market for US exports, particularly Vietnam (where US goods exports have grown 23% per year since 2002), India (18%) and China (17%).



#### **US EXPORTS OF GOODS AND SERVICES**

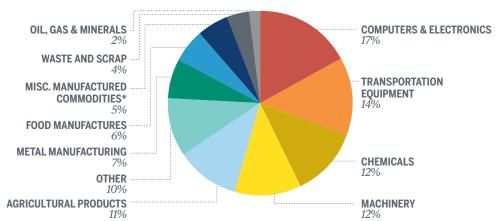
Asia is the leading destination for US exports, with strong growth since the 2009 Global Financial Crisis.



<sup>\*</sup>Based on 2012 data for goods and 2011 data for services, the most recent available as of April 2013.

#### **COMPOSITION OF US GOODS EXPORTS TO ASIA**

largest share in the country.



largest increase nationwide.

fastest growth in the country.

\* Includes medical equipment and supplies, jewelry, sporting goods, toys & games, and others.

Sources: US Bureau of Economic Analysis; US Census Bureau; State data estimated by The Trade Partnership (Washington, DC) from the US Census Bureau and the US Department of Agriculture.

# 32% of US Jobs **From Exports Depend on Exports to Asia**

Exports to Asia supported 1.2 million American jobs in 2012, up 52% from 2002. Twenty five states have more than a third of their export-dependent jobs supported by exports to Asia - five are located on the West Coast, fifteen are located in the West, Midwest and South and five are located on the East Coast.

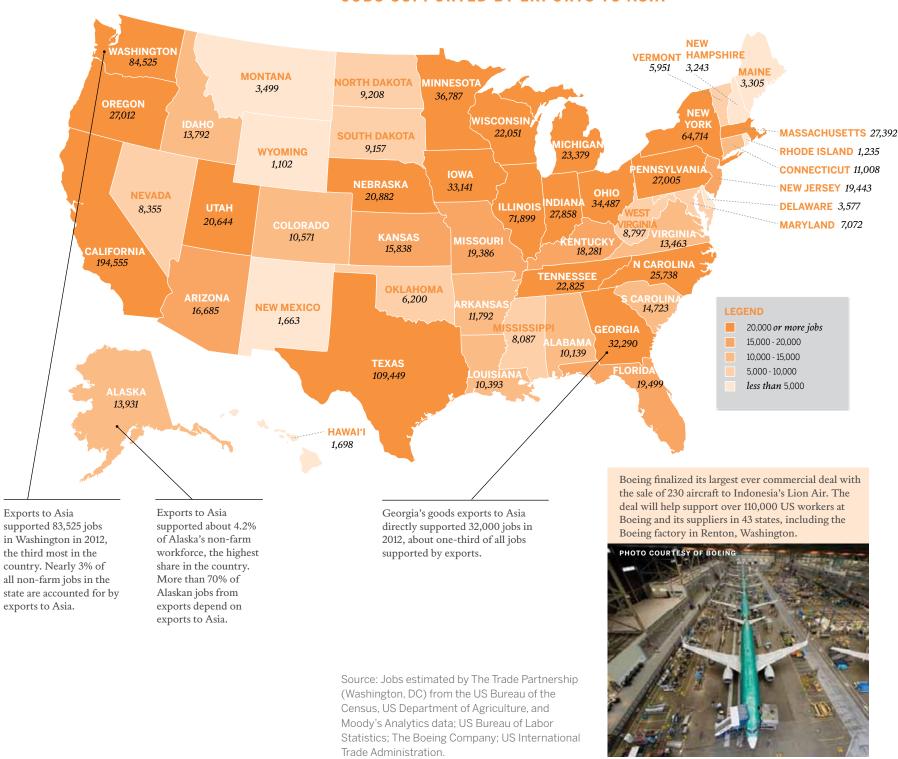
#### **TOP TEN:**

STATE	SHARE
Alaska	71%
Hawai'i	69%
Idaho	64%
Oregon	54%
Nebraska	52%
South Dakota	51%
Utah	47%
lowa	46%
Minnesota	45%
Washington	45%

#### Share of total non-farm workforce supported by exports to Asia

supported by exports to risia		
STATE	SHARE	
Alaska	4.2%	
Washington	2.9%	
Idaho	2.2%	
lowa	2.2%	
Nebraska	2.2%	
North Dakota	2.2%	
South Dakota	2.2%	
Vermont	2.0%	
Utah	1.6%	
Minnesota	1.3%	

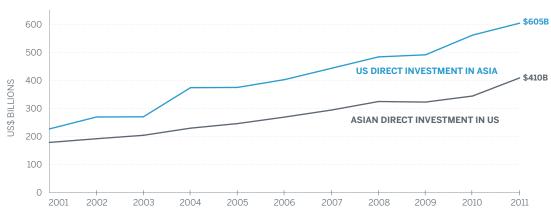
#### JOBS SUPPORTED BY EXPORTS TO ASIA



US investment in Asia reached \$605 billion in 2011, up from \$227 billion in 2001 and growing at an average rate of 10% per year. Asian investment in the United States was \$410 billion in 2011, more than double what it was in 2001. Japan is the only major Asian country that has invested more in the US than the US has in the corresponding country. Investment also supports trade, as US affiliates of Asia-owned companies accounted for 5% (\$67 billion) of all US goods exports and 11% (\$212 billion) of all US goods imports in 2010.

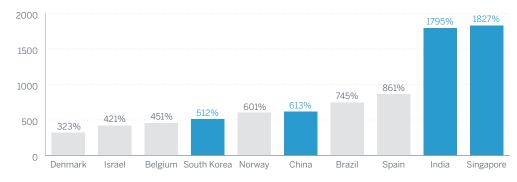
#### **DIRECT INVESTMENT**

US investment in Asia has increased by 166% since 2001 and Asian investment in the US has jumped 129%



#### TOP 10 FASTEST GROWING INVESTORS IN US

Asian companies account for four of the top ten fastest growing major sources of foreign investment in the US, 2001-2011

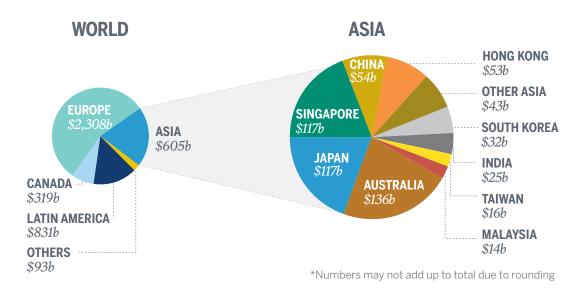


Source: US Bureau of Economic Analysis (countries with more than US\$250 million in investment in the United States in 2001)

#### **US DIRECT INVESTMENT ABROAD**

(STOCK IN US\$ BILLIONS\*)

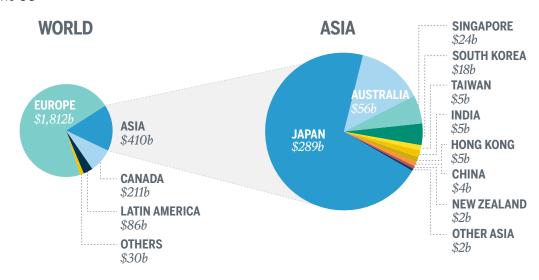
American direct investment in Asia is concentrated in the most developed economies



#### FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT IN US

(STOCK IN US\$ BILLIONS)

Japanese companies account for nearly three-quarters of direct investment from Asia in the US



INVESTMENT

# 64% of International Students are from Asia

About 492,000 Asian students studied in the US during the 2011-2012 academic year, accounting for 64% of America's international students and contributing \$14 billion to the US economy. The number of students from Asia has increased by 164,000, or 50%, since the 2001-02 academic year.

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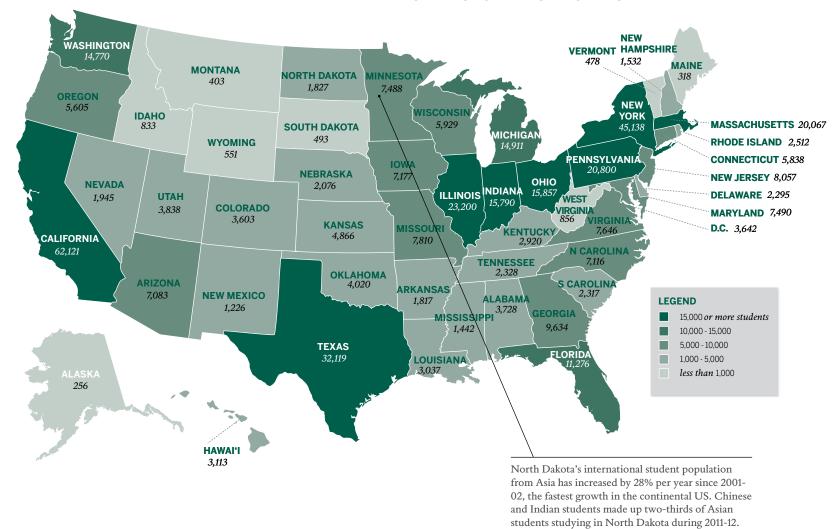
Share	of Stuc	lents:	from /	Asia
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	ASIA'S SHARE OF ALL INT'L
STATE	STUDENTS
Nevada	76%
Washington	73%
Indiana	71%
Hawai'i	70%
Illinois	65%
lowa	64%
Connecticut	62%
Pennsylvania	62%
Delaware	61%
California & Ohio	60%

### Economic Contribution of Students from Asia (US\$ M)

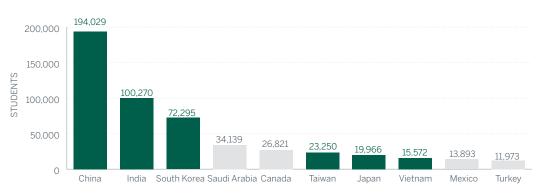
STATE	CONTRIBUTION
California	\$1,943 M
New York	1,415
Massachusetts	724
Texas	708
Pennsylvania	670
Illinois	648
Indiana	490
Michigan	443
Ohio	430
Washington	390
US Total	\$14 B

#### INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS FROM ASIA



#### **TOP PLACES OF ORIGIN**

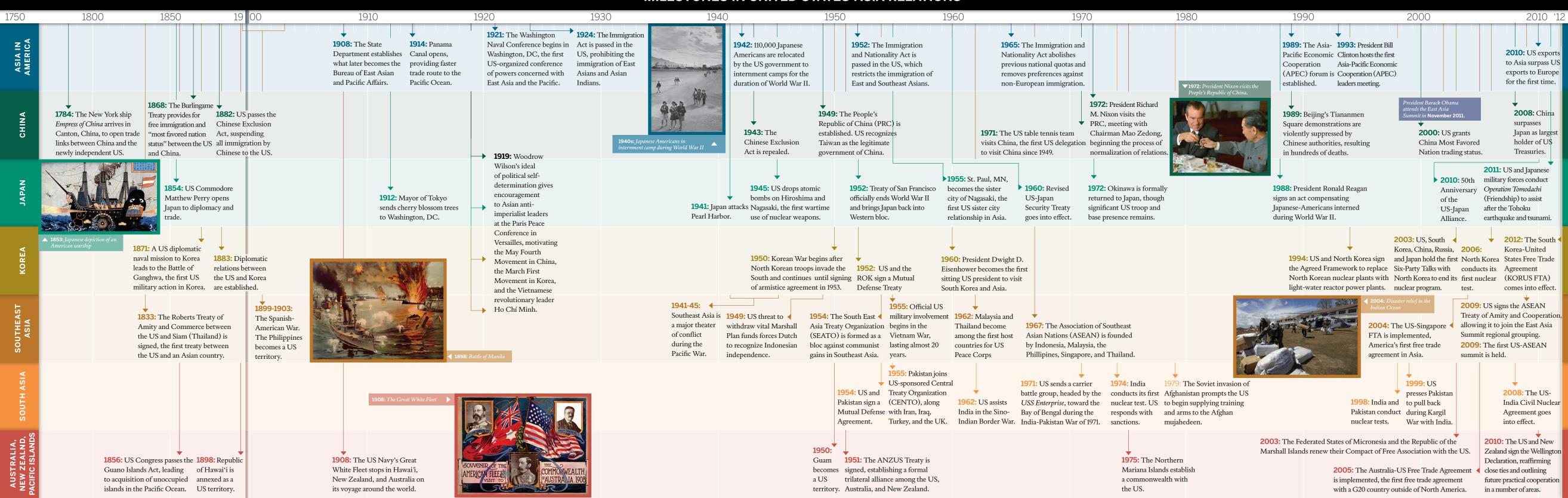
Asia accounts for six of the ten leading countries of origin of international students in the US



Sources: Institute of International Education (IIE) and NAFSA (Association of International Educators).

Note: State totals on map do not add up to national total as some students' residences are not reported.

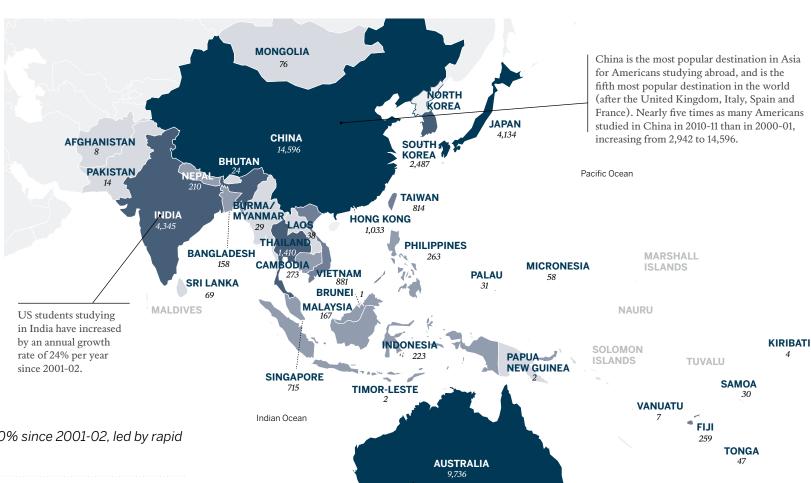
#### **MILESTONES IN UNITED STATES-ASIA RELATIONS**



# 16% of Americans Studying Abroad Go to Asia

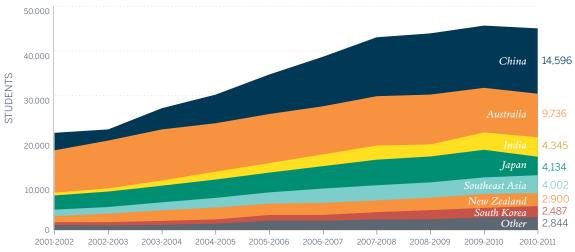
The number of Americans studying abroad in Asia has more than doubled in the last decade, from 21,700 in the 2001-02 academic year to 45,000 in 2010-11. About one-third of students go to English speaking countries, such as Australia and New Zealand, but the popularity of other countries, especially China, is growing rapidly. Europe continues to be the leading region of choice for US students studying abroad, but Europe's share has declined to 55% from 63% a decade ago.

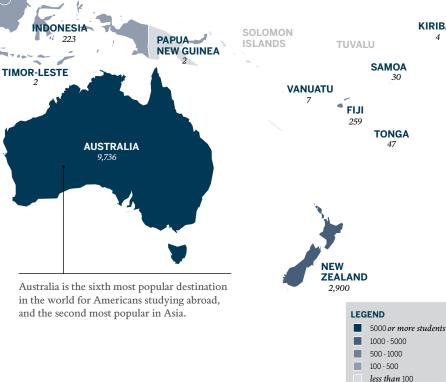
#### STUDY ABROAD IN ASIA



#### STUDY ABROAD IN ASIA

American students in Asia have increased by nearly 110% since 2001-02, led by rapid growth to China.





# 5.6% of the US **Population is Asian or Asian American**

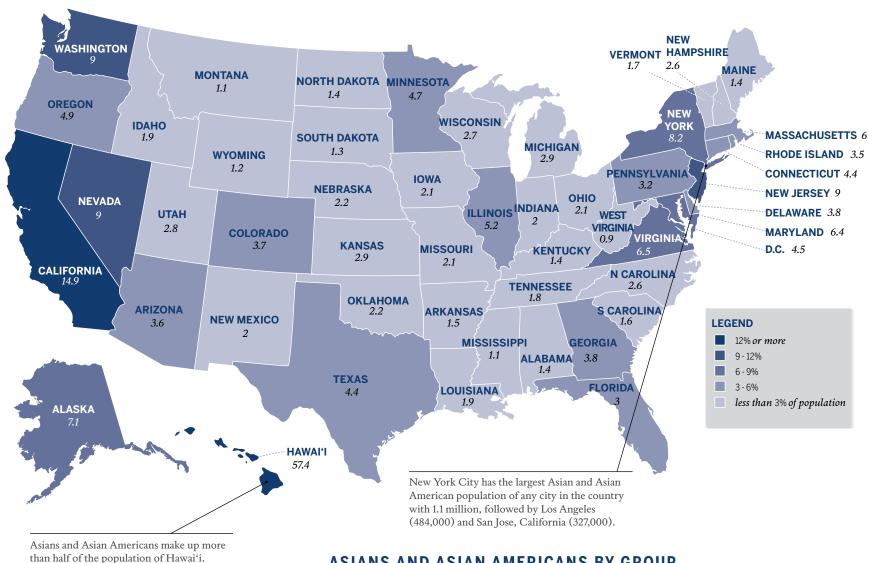
More than 17 million people in the United States identify as Asian or Asian American. From 2000 to 2010, this population grew faster than any other ethnic group, increasing by 46%, much faster than the total US population, which grew by 10% over the decade. The number of Asians and Asian Americans grew by at least 30% in all states except for Hawai'i (11%).

#### **TOP TEN:**

Factest Growing Asian Population

Fastest Growing Asian Populations			
STATE	ASIANS & ASIAN AMERICANS, 2010	INCREASE FROM 2000	
Nevada	242,916	116%	
Arizona	230,907	95%	
North Carolina	252,585	85%	
North Dakota	9,193	85%	
Georgia	365,497	83%	
New Hampshire	34,522	80%	
Delaware	33,701	78%	
Arkansas	44,943	77%	
Indiana	126,750	74%	
Texas	1,110,666	72%	
US Total	17,320,856	46%	

#### ASIANS AND ASIAN AMERICANS SHARE OF STATE POPULATION



#### ASIANS AND ASIAN AMERICANS BY GROUP



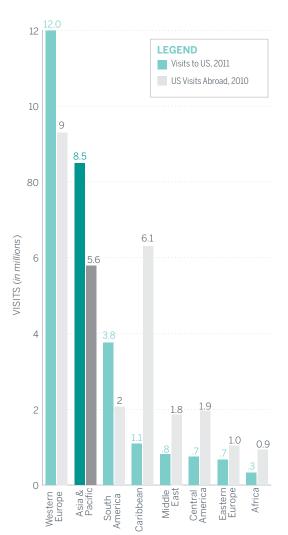
Source: US Census Bureau 2010 data (individuals self-identifying as either Asian alone or Asian in combination with another race)

# Visitors from Asia Spend \$41 Billion in the US

8.5 million visitors from Asia came to the United States in 2011, more than 25% of all overseas visitors. Tourism is one of America's largest exports; accounting for 25% of all services exports, and 7% of total US exports in 2011. Travelers from Asia contribute more to the US economy than do visitors from Latin America or the European Union (each spent nearly \$38 billion). Japan is the leading Asian country of origin for visitors to the US, but China has recently surpassed Japan as the leading destination in Asia for US travelers.

#### **VISITS TO & FROM ASIA**

Asia is the second leading source of foreign travelers to the US and in recent years has tied for second as a destination for American travel overseas.

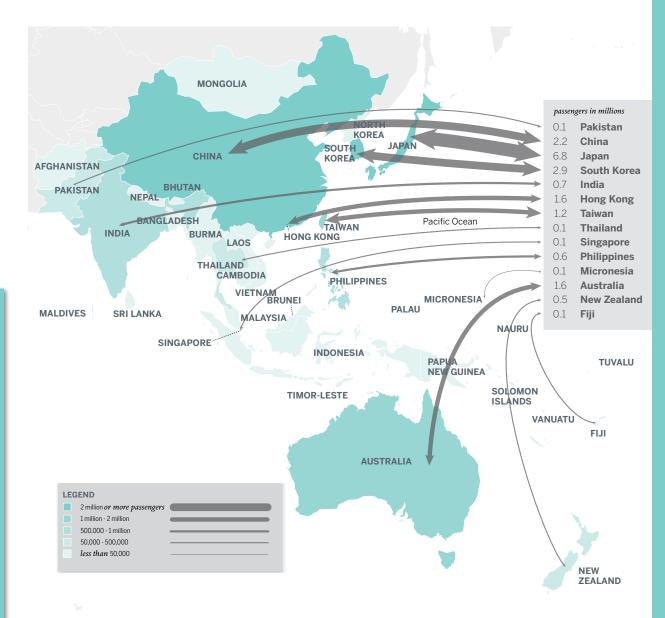


# VISITOR SPENDING TO & FROM ASIA

COUNTRY	US REVENUE FROM ASIA, 2011 (US\$ B)	US SPENDING IN ASIA, 2011 (US\$ B)
Japan		
India		
South Korea		
Philippines		
Hong Kong		
Singapore		
Thailand		
Indonesia		
Malaysia		
Asia Total	\$41.1	\$28.7

#### AIR PASSENGERS BETWEEN US AND ASIA

There were 18.5 million two-way air passengers between the US and Asia, accounting for 16% of all US source or destination air flights.



Sources: Tourism from US International Trade Administration (excludes Canada and Mexico -- 34.4 million visits to US in 2011, and 31.8 million US visits in 2010). Flights from US Department of Transportation (two-way T-100 segment).

# 850 Sister Partnerships Between the US and Asia Build Civic and People-to-People Relationships

The first US sister city partnership in Asia was formed between St. Paul, Minnesota, and Nagasaki, Japan, on December 7, 1955, the fourteenth anniversary of the bombing of Pearl Harbor. Since then, sister cities have engaged in cultural, educational, informational and trade exchanges. In response to the March 2011 earthquake and tsunami disasters in Japan, 95 US communities raised \$2.4 million for affected sister cities and their partners.

Sister city partnerships are municipal partnerships between US cities, counties, ports and similar jurisdictions in Asia. There are also 88 sister relationships between US states and provinces/ prefectures across Asia. Many, but not all, sister cities are members of Sister Cities International, which assists in the matching process, and supports new and established sister cities.

Most of Michigan's 35 sister city partnerships in Asia are with Japan, due to the 1968 Sister State Agreement with Shiga prefecture. Many partnerships have featured middleschool student exchanges or student artwork swaps. In addition, an annual Goodwill Mission

features sightseeing

and homestays.

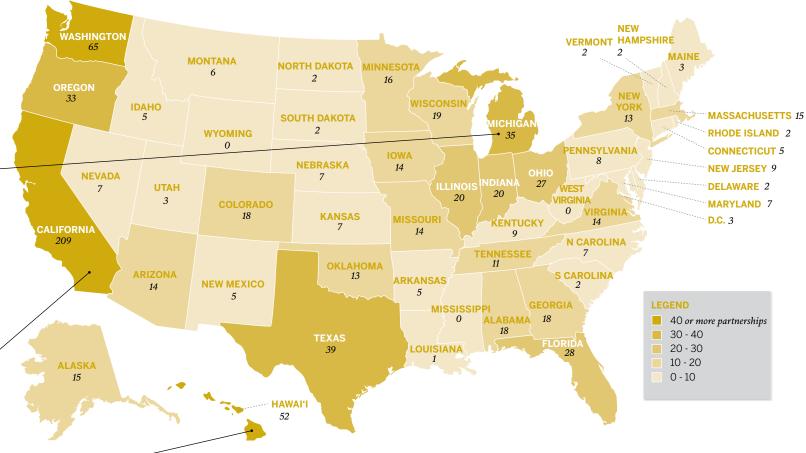
Bucheon City, South Korea, have a young but active sister city partnership. This relationship was officially signed in 2006. Students from both cities have made reciprocal visits, including a Korean dance troupe performance at California State University and a concert by members of the Bakersfield Youth Symphony in Bucheon.

Bakersfield, CA, and

The state of Hawai'i maintains 12 sister state relationships with provinces and prefectures in China, Japan, Taiwan, South Korea, and the Philippines. The policy of the state's Office of International Relations is to build active partnerships where economic benefit is co-equal to the "historic purposes of friendship, cultural ties, and goodwill."

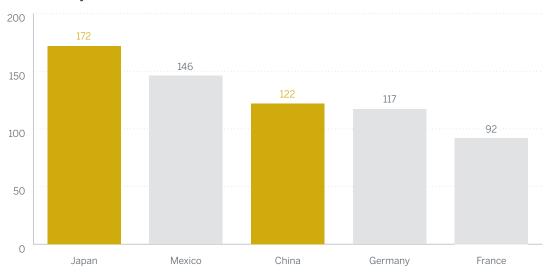
Source: Sister Cities International (SCI); CLAIR (Japan); individual sister city partnerships. (Note: not all sister cities are affiliated with SCI)

#### SISTER CITY AND STATE PARTNERSHIPS BETWEEN THE US AND ASIA



#### COUNTRIES WITH MOST SISTER CITY PARTNERSHIPS IN THE US

Comparative numbers based on SCI membership; independent partnerships increase the totals beyond those listed below.



# **Asia's Security Significance for** the US is Rising

Asia is an area of potential conflict due to territorial disputes, historical animosities and changes in the distribution of power. Asian countries are also emerging (or reemerging) as regional and global powers. They will have a crucial role in meeting such global challenges as equitable economic growth, environmental pollution, pandemic disease, climate change and global governance. The US, with long-standing treaty commitments and new partnerships in Asia, is devoting more attention and resources to Asia. The US is working with regional groupings, including the East Asia Summit (EAS), Asia Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC) and Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) to address regional problems.

any other region in the world.

11.4

Africa

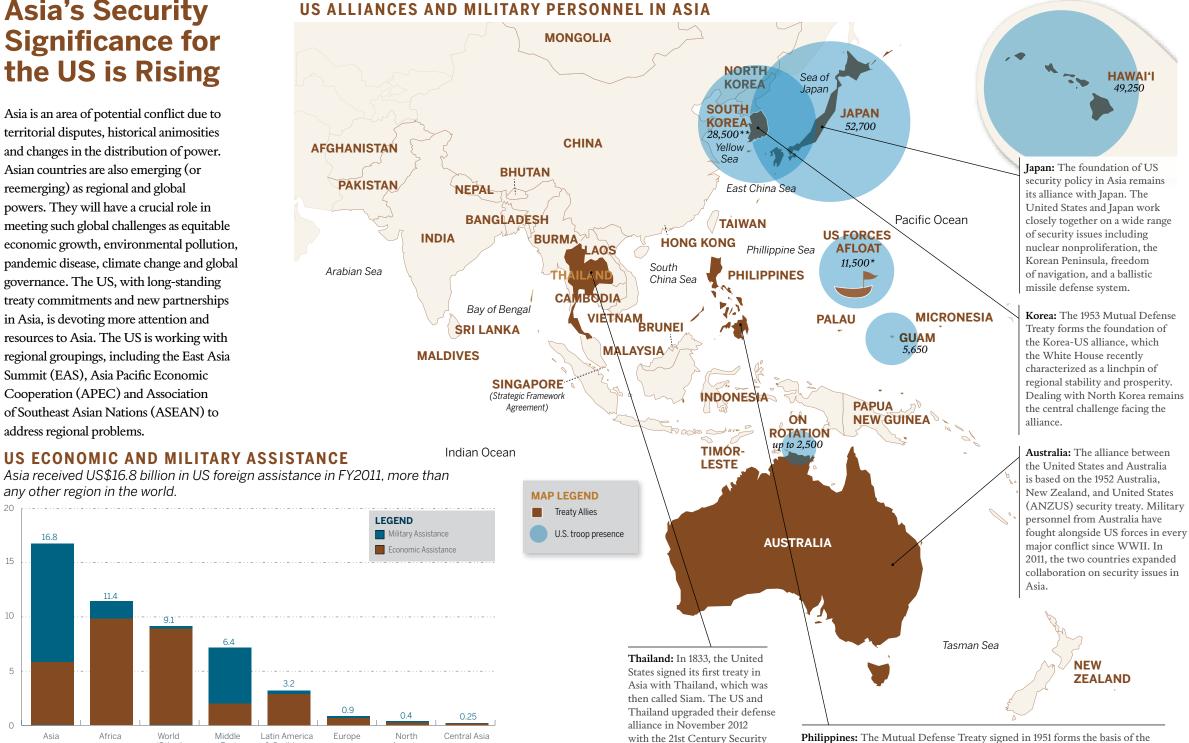
World

(Other)

16.8

Asia

15



Partnership which "supports

leader."

Thailand's position as a regional

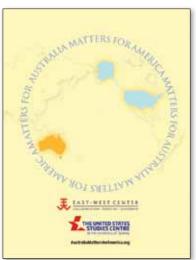
Sources: US Department of Defense (as of December 31, 2012; \*March 31, 2012); \*\*IISS, The Military Balance 2013; US Agency for International Development (USAID)

& Caribbean

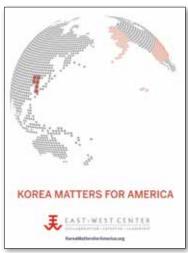
Middle

Philippines: The Mutual Defense Treaty signed in 1951 forms the basis of the alliance between the United States and the Philippines. The 2011 signing of the Manila Declaration and the inaugural United States-Philippines Ministerial Dialogue in 2012 laid the groundwork for increased cooperation on issues ranging from counterterrorism to maritime security.









#### **PUBLICATION DESIGN AND ILLUSTRATION**

Top Shelf Design Washington, DC www.topshelfdesign.net

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East-West Center in Washington 1819 L St., NW, Suite 600, Washington, DC 20036 Tel: 202.293.3995 | Fax: 202.293.1402 Washington@EastWestCenter.org

East-West Center headquarters is in Honolulu, Hawai'i Main Telephone: 808.944.7111 | EastWestCenter.org

